Safety Alert

SA18-03 February 2018

Two workers suffer serious high pressure fluid injuries in separate cleaning incidents

Incident

This safety alert provides information on two serious, separate incidents involving high pressure water cleaning equipment and safety advice for the NSW mining industry.

Circumstances

Incident 1

A worker suffered a fluid injection to his arm from the class B high pressure cleaning unit he was using when the hose connection fitting became unscrewed from the base of the gun. The worker was taken to a nearby hospital where he was air-lifted to Royal North Shore Hospital in Sydney, where he underwent surgery.

Incident 2

Two workers were using a high pressure cleaner for descaling steel sets in a service shaft before stopping to add an extension piece on the gun. With the pressure cleaner turned off, one of the workers held the gun while the other began changing the extension. The worker holding gun operated the trigger, releasing residual pressure in the hose causing a fluid injection injury to the left palm of the other worker. The injured worker was taken to hospital for surgery.



Investigation

For the first incident, an investigation revealed the connection between the hose and the gun had been leaking since the start of the shift. Closer inspection indicated little or no damage to the male (tapered) thread or female thread in the gun. It appears that during use, torque has developed in the hose caused the fitting to unscrew to the point where it could no longer support the fluid pressure resulting in the injury to the worker. In the second incident, investigations are continuing, however human and organisational factors may have influenced the failure to isolate and test for dead before undertaking the extension changeout.



Recommendations

An escape of pressurised fluid in the workplace represents a failure of a risk control to a major hazard (pressurised fluids) that may cause serious or fatal injury.

Mine operators are reminded that effective isolation and energy dissipation is a critical risk control when working on high pressure fluid systems.

High pressure fluid system componentry must be designed, selected and assembled by people competent in high pressure fluid delivery systems. Hose fittings and connections must be compatible and work together as a system. Replacement parts should be original equipment manufacturer's (OEM) replacement parts or of equivalent specification.

Mine operators and contract service providers who use high pressure water cleaning equipment should:

- 1. review and communicate the recommendations of this safety alert to workers under their supervision
- 2. ensure workers are trained and competent to perform effective isolation and energy dissipation and know when isolation and dissipation needs to be applied
- 3. inspect delivery hose, connection fittings and guns are to OEM specification and are fit for purpose
- 4. inspect delivery hose to gun connections for the ability to permit freedom of rotation of the gun relative to the hose. Connections without freedom of rotation need to have controls to prevent hose torque that may cause the connection to become unscrewed.
- 5. review Safe Work Australia <u>Guide for managing risks from high pressure water jetting</u> and review high pressure cleaning activities for:
 - → equipment safety standards
 - → adequacy of pre-start checks
 - → work practice standards
 - → maintenance standards
 - → personal protective equipment.
- 6. Review the potential application of hose burst protection (sleeving) on the delivery hose to gun where workers may be exposed to hose or connection burst potential.
- 7. Review the previously released safety alerts and guidelines:
 - → SB13-01 Fluid injections result in surgery
 - → SB12-03 Fluid power isolation failures
 - → SA06-16 Fatal high pressure hydraulic injection
 - → SA09-04 Hydraulic injection near miss
 - → MDG 41 Fluid power system safety
 - → MDG 40 Hazardous energy control



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